

**MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
WAGNER, SOUTH DAKOTA**

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR JANUARY 1, 2024 TO DECEMBER 31, 2024

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. Box 247

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

MAYOR:

Tammy Thornton

GOVERNING BOARD:

Taylor Mohr, President
Daniel Cimpl, Vice-President
Tom Abdouch
Brenda Jatón
Gene Niehus
Mieke Slaba

FINANCE OFFICER:

Debbra Houseman

ATTORNEY:

Beau C. Barrett

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board
Municipality of Wagner
Wagner, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Wagner, South Dakota (Municipality), as of December 31, 2024 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2026, which was adverse for the aggregate discretely presented component unit because it was not presented.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Municipality's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did disclose an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and is described in accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2024-002.

Municipality's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Municipality's response to the findings identified in our audit. The Municipality's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The Municipality's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
 Certified Public Accountants
 April 16, 2026

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS:

Finding Number 2023-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current other audit finding number 2024-001.

Finding Number 2023-002:

Expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in several functions of the General Fund. This Comment has not been corrected and is restated as current other audit finding number 2024-002.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control – Related Finding – Material Weakness:

Finding Number 2024-001:

Condition:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This is a continuing audit finding since 1998.

Criteria:

Proper segregations of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data. Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets through the separation of key accounting and physical control functions.

The AICPA states that, "Segregation of Duties (SOD) is a basic building block of sustainable risk management and internal controls for a business. The principle of SOD is based on shared responsibilities of a key process that disperses the critical functions of that process to more than one person or department. Without this separation in key processes, fraud and error risks are far less manageable."

Cause of Condition:

The Finance Officer processes all revenue transactions from beginning to end. The Finance Officer also receives money, issues receipts, records receipts, posts receipts in the accounting records, prepares bank deposits, reconciles bank statements, and prepares financial statements. A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets.

Potential Effect of Condition:

There is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

RECOMMENDATION:

We recommend that the Municipality of Wagner officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to develop policies and provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical. In addition, we recommend that all necessary accounting records be established and properly maintained to provide some compensation for lack of proper segregation of duties.

Client's Response:

The Municipality of Wagner governing board is responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The Municipality will be more careful to follow the budgetary guidelines prescribed by law.

Compliance – Related Finding:

Finding Number 2024-002:

Condition:

Expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in several functions of the General Fund. This is a continuing audit comment since 2023.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS
(Continued)

Criteria:

SDCL 9-21-2 states in part, "The governing body of each municipality shall, no later than its first regular meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, introduce the annual appropriation ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year, in which it shall appropriate the sums of money necessary to meet all lawful expenses and liabilities of the municipality." Also SDCL 9-21-9 states, "Neither the governing body nor any department or officer of the municipality shall add to the municipal expenditures in any fiscal year any sum in excess of the amount provided for in the annual appropriation ordinance except as otherwise specially provided. Not shall the amount spent for any purpose or any department exceed the total amount appropriated for such purpose or for such department in the annual appropriation ordinance for such year, except as otherwise specially provided."

Cause of Condition:

The Municipality expended money in excess of amounts budgeted without supplementing the budget as allowed by SDCL 9-21-7.

Potential Effect of Condition:

Without amending or preparing the budget or limiting disbursements, disbursements are being made without proper authority.

RECOMMENDATION:

We recommend that the expenditures be limited to amounts budgeted or budget supplements be made in accordance with SDCL 9-21-7.

Client's Response:

The Municipality of Wagner governing board is responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The Municipality will be more careful to follow the budgetary guidelines prescribed by law.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the finance officer and the officials during the course of and at the conclusion of the audit.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board
Municipality of Wagner
Wagner, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinion and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Wagner, South Dakota (Municipality), as of December 31, 2024, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component units, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Municipality of Wagner as of December 31, 2024, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Wagner as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Municipality and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the Municipality's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Municipality's primary government unless the Municipality also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Municipality has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented components units would have been presented inclusive of the component units.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

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- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), the Schedule of Municipal Contributions, and the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), the Schedule of Municipal Contributions, and the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Municipal Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2026 on our consideration of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
April 16, 2026

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
December 31, 2024

	Primary Government		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,212,437.00	1,328,235.33	2,540,672.33
Investments	1,273,987.76	147,392.54	1,421,380.30
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		60,482.50	60,482.50
TOTAL ASSETS	2,486,424.76	1,536,110.37	4,022,535.13
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for:			
Road Maintenance Purposes	1,184,623.12		1,184,623.12
Equipment Repair & Replacement		163,931.02	163,931.02
Debt Services Purposes		54,982.50	54,982.50
Debt Short Lived Asset Reserve		5,500.00	5,500.00
Other Purposes-Library	12,469.91		12,469.91
Unrestricted	1,289,331.73	1,311,696.85	2,601,028.58
TOTAL NET POSITION	2,486,424.76	1,536,110.37	4,022,535.13

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	272,699.59	32,933.72			(239,765.87)		(239,765.87)
Public Safety	700,051.93	280.38	1,972.85		(697,798.70)		(697,798.70)
Public Works	914,668.51	15,802.67	75,082.42	192,374.19	(631,409.23)		(631,409.23)
Health and Welfare	8,452.62				(8,452.62)		(8,452.62)
Culture and Recreation	402,136.53	71,388.25			(330,748.28)		(330,748.28)
Conservation and Development	123,593.09				(123,593.09)		(123,593.09)
Miscellaneous		59,146.53			59,146.53		59,146.53
Total Governmental Activities	2,421,602.27	179,551.55	77,055.27	192,374.19	(1,972,621.26)		(1,972,621.26)
Business-type Activities:							
Water	606,378.77	625,923.81				19,545.04	19,545.04
Sewer	481,312.02	429,462.77				(51,849.25)	(51,849.25)
Total Business-Type Activities	1,087,690.79	1,055,386.58	0.00	0.00		(32,304.21)	(32,304.21)
Total Primary Government	3,509,293.06	1,234,938.13	77,055.27	192,374.19	(1,972,621.26)	(32,304.21)	(2,004,925.47)
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes					516,765.91		516,765.91
Sales Taxes					953,653.01		953,653.01
State Shared Revenues					18,161.02		18,161.02
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					100.00	49.92	149.92
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					71,872.49	1,746.35	73,618.84
Miscellaneous Revenue					100,445.20		100,445.20
Total General Revenues					1,660,997.63	1,796.27	1,662,793.90
Change in Net Position					(311,623.63)	(30,507.94)	(342,131.57)
Net Position - Beginning					2,798,048.39	1,566,618.31	4,364,666.70
NET POSITION - ENDING					2,486,424.76	1,536,110.37	4,022,535.13

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2024**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Restricted Road Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,212,437.00		1,212,437.00
Investments	89,364.64	1,184,623.12	1,273,987.76
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,301,801.64</u>	<u>1,184,623.12</u>	<u>2,486,424.76</u>
FUND BALANCES:			
Restricted for Road Maintenance		1,184,623.12	1,184,623.12
Restricted for Library	12,469.91		12,469.91
Committed for Pool Construction	1,000,000.00		1,000,000.00
Assigned for Armory	19,704.62		19,704.62
Unassigned	269,627.11		269,627.11
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>1,301,801.64</u>	<u>1,184,623.12</u>	<u>2,486,424.76</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Restricted Road Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes:			
General Property Taxes	514,866.85		514,866.85
General Sales and Use Taxes	953,653.01		953,653.01
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	1,899.06		1,899.06
Total Taxes	1,470,418.92	0.00	1,470,418.92
Licenses and Permits	31,654.32	0.00	31,654.32
Intergovernmental Revenue:			
Federal Grants	191,389.44		191,389.44
State Grants	16,049.67		16,049.67
State Shared Revenue:			
Bank Franchise Tax	5,130.59		5,130.59
Liquor Tax Reversion	10,190.43		10,190.43
Motor Vehicle Licenses	21,269.97		21,269.97
Prorate License Fees	4,774.72		4,774.72
Other	2,840.00		2,840.00
County Shared Revenue:			
County Road and Bridge Tax	25,344.20		25,344.20
County Wheel Tax	7,643.86		7,643.86
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	284,632.88	0.00	284,632.88
Charges for Goods and Services:			
Culture and Recreation	59,100.47		59,100.47
Other	12,287.78		12,287.78
Total Charges for Goods and Services	71,388.25	0.00	71,388.25
Fines and Forfeits:			
Court Fines and Costs	280.38		280.38
Library	1,279.40		1,279.40
Total Fines and Forfeits	1,559.78	0.00	1,559.78
Miscellaneous Revenue:			
Investment Earnings	29,597.48	42,275.01	71,872.49
Rentals	15,802.67		15,802.67
Special Assessments	2,957.60		2,957.60
Contributions and Donations from			
Private Sources	100.00		100.00
Liquor Operating Agreement Income	59,146.53		59,146.53
Other	92,945.20		92,945.20
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	200,549.48	42,275.01	242,824.49
Total Revenue	2,060,203.63	42,275.01	2,102,478.64

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Restricted Road Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Legislative	50.00		50.00
Executive	52,765.62		52,765.62
Elections	3,144.66		3,144.66
Financial Administration	105,963.09		105,963.09
Other	110,776.22		110,776.22
Total General Government	272,699.59	0.00	272,699.59
Public Safety:			
Police	699,030.93		699,030.93
Other Protection	1,021.00		1,021.00
Total Public Safety	700,051.93	0.00	700,051.93
Public Works:			
Highways and Streets	672,533.05		672,533.05
Sanitation	20,857.56		20,857.56
Airport	221,277.90		221,277.90
Total Public Works	914,668.51	0.00	914,668.51
Health and Welfare:			
Health	8,452.62		8,452.62
Total Health and Welfare	8,452.62	0.00	8,452.62
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation	133,639.67		133,639.67
Parks	55,587.11		55,587.11
Libraries	87,602.69		87,602.69
Auditorium	120,307.06		120,307.06
Museums	5,000.00		5,000.00
Total Culture and Recreation	402,136.53	0.00	402,136.53
Conservation and Development:			
Urban Redevelopment and Housing	41,471.05		41,471.05
Economic Development and Assistance	82,122.04		82,122.04
Total Conservation and Development	123,593.09	0.00	123,593.09
Total Expenditures	2,421,602.27	0.00	2,421,602.27
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(361,398.64)	42,275.01	(319,123.63)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Sale of Municipal Property	7,500.00		7,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,500.00	0.00	7,500.00

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Restricted Road Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(353,898.64)	42,275.01	(311,623.63)
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,655,700.28	1,142,348.11	2,798,048.39
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>1,301,801.64</u>	<u>1,184,623.12</u>	<u>2,486,424.76</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
December 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds		Totals
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	873,395.81	454,839.52	1,328,235.33
Investments	121,142.23	26,250.31	147,392.54
Total Current Assets	994,538.04	481,089.83	1,475,627.87
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	60,482.50		60,482.50
Total Noncurrent Assets	60,482.50	0.00	60,482.50
TOTAL ASSETS	1,055,020.54	481,089.83	1,536,110.37
NET POSITION:			
Restricted Net Position, Restricted for:			
Revenue Bond Debt Service	54,982.50		54,982.50
Revenue Bond Short Lived Asset Reserve	5,500.00		5,500.00
Equipment Repair and/or Replacement	163,931.02		163,931.02
Unrestricted Net Position	830,607.02	481,089.83	1,311,696.85
TOTAL NET POSITION	1,055,020.54	481,089.83	1,536,110.37

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds		Totals
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	
Operating Revenue:			
Charges for Goods and Services	612,281.39	290,991.89	903,273.28
Surcharge as Security for Debt	13,342.42	138,020.88	151,363.30
Miscellaneous	300.00	450.00	750.00
Total Operating Revenue	<u>625,923.81</u>	<u>429,462.77</u>	<u>1,055,386.58</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	128,981.21	169,994.00	298,975.21
Other Current Expense	107,551.52	174,357.82	281,909.34
Materials	321,291.72		321,291.72
Total Operating Expenses	<u>557,824.45</u>	<u>344,351.82</u>	<u>902,176.27</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>68,099.36</u>	<u>85,110.95</u>	<u>153,210.31</u>
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):			
Operating Grants		49.92	49.92
Investment Earnings	1,736.35	10.00	1,746.35
Debt Service (Principal)	(34,403.52)	(82,652.40)	(117,055.92)
Debt Service (Interest)	(4,305.80)	(64,152.80)	(68,458.60)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	<u>(36,972.97)</u>	<u>(146,745.28)</u>	<u>(183,718.25)</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>31,126.39</u>	<u>(61,634.33)</u>	<u>(30,507.94)</u>
Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,023,894.15</u>	<u>542,724.16</u>	<u>1,566,618.31</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>1,055,020.54</u></u>	<u><u>481,089.83</u></u>	<u><u>1,536,110.37</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,514.50
TOTAL ASSETS	1,514.50
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Wagner Lake Improvements	1,514.50
TOTAL NET POSITION	1,514.50

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Interest and Dividends	1.59
Total Additions	1.59
DEDUCTIONS:	
Total Deductions	0.00
Change in Net Position	1.59
Net Position - Beginning	1,512.91
NET POSITION - ENDING	1,514.50

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of the Municipality of Wagner (Municipality) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Municipality participates in a cooperative unit, the Southern Missouri Recycling & Waste Management District. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the Municipality.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The Municipality is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Municipality (primary government). The Municipality may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the Municipality.

The Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the Municipality of Wagner, South Dakota (Commission) is a proprietary fund-type, discretely presented component unit. The five members of the Commission are appointed by the Mayor, with the approval of the Governing Board, for five-year, staggered terms. The Commission elects its own chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The Governing Board, though, retains the statutory authority to approve or deny or otherwise modify the Commission's plans to construct low-income housing units, or to issue debt, which gives the Governing Board the ability to impose its will on the Commission. Separately issued financial statements of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission may be obtained from: Wagner Housing and Redevelopment Commission, P.O. Box 40, Wagner, SD 57380.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities and discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Discretely presented component units are legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria, as described in Note 1.a., above, any may be classified as either governmental or business-type activities. See the discussion of individual component units in Note 1.a., above.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Municipality and for each function of the Municipality's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Municipality or if it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the Municipality financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Restricted Road Fund – to account for funds for city streets, road and alley construction maintenance, bridge construction and maintenance, facility construction and maintenance, and equipment purchasing and repair. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

of the following criteria is met. Governments should apply each of these criteria in the context of the activity's principal revenue sources.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Water fund – financed primarily by user charges this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-47-1)
This is a major fund.

Sewer Fund – financed primarily by user charges this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal sanitary sewer system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-48-2) This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The custodial fund maintained is for the Wagner Lake Improvements.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The Municipality uses the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used, applied with the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. Acceptable modifications to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the Municipality in these financial statements are:

- a. Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Municipality applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The Municipality has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating/amortizing those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the Municipality and the related depreciation/amortization are not reported on the financial statements of the Municipality.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash proceeds from long-term liabilities issuances is recorded as a receipt, while payments to creditors to reduce long-term liabilities are recorded as a cost of the program which benefits from the financing. Allocations are made where appropriate. Interest costs are not allocated but are reported as a separate program cost category.

Long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions of governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Instead, the debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for long-term liabilities of proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide financial statements.

The Municipality has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Liabilities.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the Municipality's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified as operating or non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses directly relate to the purpose of the fund.

i. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components.

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

j. Application of Net Position:

It is the Municipality's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

k. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Municipality classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and dos not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Finance Officer.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Municipal Governing Board committed the following fund balance types by taking the following action:

Pool Construction	\$ 1,000,000.00	Ordinance
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The Municipality uses *restricted/committed* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use *committed*, *then assigned*, and *lastly unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Municipality does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Revenue Source</u>
Restricted Road Fund	Interest

2. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The Municipality is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the department level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

General Fund:	<u>12/31/2024</u>
Activity:	
Legislative	50.00
Other Protection	1,021.00
Recreation	31,839.67
Economic Development and Assistance	32,122.04

The Municipality plans to take the following actions to address these violations: use supplemental budgets and contingency transfers when authority exists.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The Municipality follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The Municipality's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1 and 9-22-6.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits municipal funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2024, the Municipality did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the Municipality, as discussed above. The Municipality has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Municipality places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The Municipality does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The Municipality's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

4. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are as follows:

2024	Purpose:
\$54,982.50	For Debt Service, by debt covenants
\$ 5,500.00	For Short-Lived Assets, by debt covenants

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The Municipality is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable property in the Municipality.

6. LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

The Municipality of Wagner entered into a forty-year commitment with Randall Community Water District to provide water to the Municipality. A monthly charge in the amount of \$4,013.00 is paid by the Municipality to Randall Community Water District. The monthly charge represents a contribution by the Municipality to aid Randall Community Water District in the construction of the facilities necessary to provide the Municipality with water. The Municipality will not acquire ownership of any of these water facilities through lease payments. Payments are made from the Municipality's Water Fund.

The following are the minimum payments on this commitment:

2025	\$ 48,156.00
2026	\$ 48,156.00
2027	\$ 48,156.00
2028	\$ 48,156.00
2029	\$ 48,156.00
2030-2033	\$ 240,780.00
2034-2035	\$ 16,052.00

7. NONEXCHANGE FINANCIAL GUARANTEE

The Municipality of Wagner has entered into a debt service agreement with the Wagner Housing and Redevelopment Commission (a component unit of the Municipality of Wagner) pursuant to the type described in SDCL 11-7A-2(8). The agreement is to provide a partial back-up and guarantee in an amount not to exceed 25% to allow the Wagner HRC to issue a \$916,830.85 in revenue bonds to finance a housing development project. The balance of the bonds at December 31, 2024 is \$707,619.11.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the two years ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	<u>2024</u>
Major Purposes:	
Road Maintenance	\$ 1,184,623.12
Library Fine Purposes	12,469.91
Equipment Repair/Replacement	163,931.02
Debt Service Purposes	54,982.50
Debt Short Lived Asset Purpose	<u>5,500.00</u>
Total Restricted Net Assets/Net Position	<u>\$ 1,421,506.55</u>

These balances are restricted due to federal grant and statutory requirements.

9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS). SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions and is administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members may receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. The Municipality's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2024	\$ 56,232.26
2023	\$ 54,016.46
2022	\$ 42,257.91

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows or Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2024, SDRS is 100.0% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2024 and reported by the Municipality as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 4,995,976.60
Less proportionate share of total pension liability	<u>\$ 4,997,332.22</u>
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ (1,355.62)</u>

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2024, the Municipality's proportion was 0.033489%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.000450% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future COLAs	1.71%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

- Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010
- Other Class A Members: PubG-2010
- Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

- Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65
- Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above
- Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

- PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

- Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table
- Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	56.3%	3.6%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	2.3%
High Yield Debt	7.0%	2.8%
Real Estate	12.0%	4.0%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

	<u>1%</u> <u>Decrease</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Discount</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1%</u> <u>Increase</u>
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 688,855.95	\$(1,355.62)	\$(566,163.70)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Municipality is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2024, the Municipality managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The Municipality purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The Municipality joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The Municipality's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the Municipality. The Municipality pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The Municipality pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for vehicle liability; liability coverage for torts, theft, or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials.

The Municipality does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The Municipality joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Municipality’s responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker’s compensation claims. The Municipality pays an annual premium to the pool to provide worker’s compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The Municipality does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The Municipality provided coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

11. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2024, the Municipality was not involved in any significant litigation.

12. JOINT VENTURE

The Municipality participates in a joint venture, known as the Southern Missouri Recycling & Waste Management District, formed for the purpose of providing solid waste disposal services to participating members.

The members of the joint venture are as follows:

Municipality of Armour	Municipality of Bonesteel	Charles Mix County
Douglas County	Municipality of Geddes	Gregory County
Municipality of Gregory	Municipality of Lake Andes	Municipality of Pickstown
Municipality of Ravinia	Municipality of Springfield	Municipality of Tabor
Municipality of Wagner		

The joint venture’s governing board is composed of 13 representatives. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees adequate to fund the budget.

The Municipality retains no equity in the net position of the joint venture, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation.

The most recent financial information available for this joint venture is for the year ended December 31, 2024. At December 31, 2024, this joint venture had total assets and deferred outflows of \$2,261,827.29, total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$618,771.25, and net position of \$1,643,056.04.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated whether any subsequent events have occurred through April 16, 2026, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the municipality entered into loan agreements with the South Dakota Conserving District for the purpose of financing improvements to wastewater and drinking water systems. In connection with these agreements, the municipality authorized the issuance of revenue bonds in amounts not to exceed \$425,000 for the wastewater system and \$1,400,000 for the drinking water system, respectively. The loans will be repaid from system revenues, including surcharges established by the municipal resolutions in 2025 specifically for repayment of the debt. The surcharges will remain in effect until the related obligations are fully satisfied. As of the date of these financial statements, the loan agreements have been executed; however, no significant draws had been made on the loans.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	516,383.00	516,383.00	514,866.85	(1,516.15)
General Sales and Use Taxes	975,000.00	975,000.00	953,653.01	(21,346.99)
Tax Deed Revenue	500.00	500.00	0.00	(500.00)
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	900.00	900.00	1,899.06	999.06
Total Taxes	<u>1,492,783.00</u>	<u>1,492,783.00</u>	<u>1,470,418.92</u>	<u>(22,364.08)</u>
Licenses and Permits	<u>25,000.00</u>	<u>25,000.00</u>	<u>31,654.32</u>	<u>6,654.32</u>
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	375,809.00	375,809.00	191,389.44	(184,419.56)
State Grants	418,500.00	418,500.00	16,049.67	(402,450.33)
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise Tax	6,000.00	6,000.00	5,130.59	(869.41)
Prorate License Fees	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,774.72	774.72
Liquor Tax Reversion	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,190.43	190.43
Motor Vehicle Licenses	20,000.00	20,000.00	21,269.97	1,269.97
Local Government Highway and Bridge Fund	3,500.00	3,500.00	0.00	(3,500.00)
Other	0.00	0.00	2,840.00	2,840.00
County Shared Revenue:				
County Road Tax	3,200.00	3,200.00	0.00	(3,200.00)
County Road and Bridge Tax	23,000.00	23,000.00	25,344.20	2,344.20
County Wheel Tax	7,200.00	7,200.00	7,643.86	443.86
Other	37,008.00	37,008.00	0.00	(37,008.00)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>908,217.00</u>	<u>908,217.00</u>	<u>284,632.88</u>	<u>(623,584.12)</u>
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Safety	100.00	100.00	0.00	(100.00)
Culture and Recreation	59,000.00	59,000.00	59,100.47	100.47
Other	0.00	0.00	12,287.78	12,287.78
Total Charges for Goods and Services	<u>59,100.00</u>	<u>59,100.00</u>	<u>71,388.25</u>	<u>12,288.25</u>
Fines and Forfeits:				
Court Fines and Costs	1,000.00	1,000.00	280.38	(719.62)
Library	0.00	0.00	1,279.40	1,279.40
Total Fines and Forfeits	<u>1,000.00</u>	<u>1,000.00</u>	<u>1,559.78</u>	<u>559.78</u>
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	5,500.00	5,500.00	29,597.48	24,097.48
Rentals	25,250.00	25,250.00	15,802.67	(9,447.33)
Special Assessments	4,000.00	4,000.00	2,957.60	(1,042.40)
Contributions and Donations from Private Sources	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
Liquor Operating Agreement Income	79,000.00	79,000.00	59,146.53	(19,853.47)
Other	81,000.00	81,000.00	92,945.20	11,945.20
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	<u>194,750.00</u>	<u>194,750.00</u>	<u>200,549.48</u>	<u>5,799.48</u>
Total Revenue	<u>2,680,850.00</u>	<u>2,680,850.00</u>	<u>2,060,203.63</u>	<u>(620,646.37)</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative	0.00	0.00	50.00	(50.00)
Contingency	66,659.39	66,659.39		
Amount Transferred		0.00		66,659.39
Executive	47,650.00	56,150.00	52,765.62	3,384.38
Elections	1,900.00	3,400.00	3,144.66	255.34
Financial Administration	102,526.00	112,526.00	105,963.09	6,562.91
Other	131,072.98	131,072.98	110,776.22	20,296.76
Total General Government	349,808.37	369,808.37	272,699.59	97,108.78
Public Safety:				
Police	757,105.89	757,105.89	699,030.93	58,074.96
Other Protection	0.00	0.00	1,021.00	(1,021.00)
Total Public Safety	757,105.89	757,105.89	700,051.93	57,053.96
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	450,560.80	775,560.80	672,533.05	103,027.75
Sanitation	25,500.00	25,500.00	20,857.56	4,642.44
Airport	504,700.00	504,700.00	221,277.90	283,422.10
Total Public Works	980,760.80	1,305,760.80	914,668.51	391,092.29
Health and Welfare:				
Health	7,200.00	9,700.00	8,452.62	1,247.38
Total Health and Welfare	7,200.00	9,700.00	8,452.62	1,247.38
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation	101,800.00	101,800.00	133,639.67	(31,839.67)
Parks	181,900.00	181,900.00	55,587.11	126,312.89
Libraries	90,827.87	90,827.87	87,602.69	3,225.18
Auditorium	98,809.77	128,809.27	120,307.06	8,502.21
Museums	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00
Total Culture and Recreation	478,337.64	508,337.14	402,136.53	106,200.61
Conservation and Development:				
Urban Redevelopment and Housing	47,298.65	52,298.65	41,471.05	10,827.60
Economic Development and Assistance	50,000.00	50,000.00	82,122.04	(32,122.04)
Economic Opportunity	29,498.65	39,498.65	0.00	39,498.65
Total Conservation and Development	126,797.30	141,797.30	123,593.09	18,204.21
Total Expenditures	2,700,010.00	3,092,509.50	2,421,602.27	670,907.23
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,160.00)	(411,659.50)	(361,398.64)	50,260.86
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Municipal Property	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	7,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0.00	0.00	7,500.00	7,500.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,160.00)	(411,659.50)	(353,898.64)	57,760.86
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,655,700.28	1,655,700.28	1,655,700.28	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	1,636,540.28	1,244,040.78	1,301,801.64	57,760.86

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
RESTRICTED ROAD FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	500.00	500.00	42,275.01	41,775.01
Total Revenue	500.00	500.00	42,275.01	41,775.01
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Expenditures	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	500.00	500.00	42,275.01	41,775.01
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,142,348.11	1,142,348.11	1,142,348.11	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	1,142,848.11	1,142,848.11	1,184,623.12	41,775.01

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

NOTE 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Municipality followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. At the first regular board meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, the Governing Board introduces the annual appropriation ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year.
2. After adoption by the Governing Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 4.
3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total municipal budget and may be transferred by resolution of the Governing Board to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
5. Unexpected appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Governing Board.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

The Municipality did not encumber any amounts at December 31, 2024.

6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
7. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The Municipality's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenue and expenditures are recognized on a modified cash basis. Utilizing the modified cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONSCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 10 Years*

<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Municipality's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset</u>	<u>Municipality's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)</u>	<u>Municipality's Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)</u>
2024	0.033489%	(1,335.62)	810,051.25	0.17%	100.00%
2023	0.033039%	(3,224.76)	747,355.48	0.43%	100.10%
2022	0.028235%	(2,668.38)	601,167.16	0.44%	100.10%
2021	0.028850%	(220,941.62)	585,625.82	37.73%	105.52%
2020	0.030665%	(1,331.77)	597,997.07	0.22%	100.04%
2019	0.030983%	(3,283.37)	583,338.63	0.56%	100.09%
2018	0.028717%	(669.75)	528,408.06	0.13%	100.02%
2017	0.028445%	(2,581.44)	506,894.17	0.51%	100.10%
2016	0.029607%	100,010.89	436,535.37	22.91%	96.89%
2015	0.026692%	(113,207.55)	432,524.67	26.17%	104.10%

*The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 10 Years

<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Municipality's Covered Payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll</u>
2024	56,232.26	56,232.26	\$ -	809,648.78	6.95%
2023	54,016.46	54,016.46	\$ -	785,280.65	6.88%
2022	42,257.91	42,257.91	\$ -	677,227.68	6.24%
2021	38,502.20	38,502.20	\$ -	575,816.57	6.69%
2020	40,727.18	40,727.18	\$ -	604,559.74	6.74%
2019	38,837.31	38,837.31	\$ -	576,498.66	6.74%
2018	37,951.33	37,951.33	\$ -	556,845.02	6.82%
2017	35,550.80	35,550.80	\$ -	522,373.21	6.81%
2016	32,368.97	32,368.97	\$ -	478,573.86	6.74%
2015	28,994.35	28,994.35	\$ -	429,923.45	6.74%

MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
Notes to Supplementary Information
for the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2024 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change in actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows.

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2024 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. For the June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 1.91%.

As of June 30, 2024, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2025 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.71%. The July 2025 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.71%. For this June 30, 2024 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.71%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

**MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Direct Borrowing:					
Direct Borrowing Lease Payable - Armory	16,778.29		16,778.29	0.00	0.00
Direct Borrowing Note Payable -IHC Truck	104,843.00		32,938.30	71,904.70	34,914.60
Total Debt	<u>121,621.29</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>49,716.59</u>	<u>71,904.70</u>	<u>34,914.60</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences-					
Governmental Funds	15,145.82	46.58		15,192.40	10,000.00
Total Governmental Activities	<u>136,767.11</u>	<u>46.58</u>	<u>49,716.59</u>	<u>87,097.10</u>	<u>44,914.60</u>
Business-Type Activities:					
Clean Water Revolving Loan, Series 2007	45,361.14		8,056.28	37,304.86	8,321.53
Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 1, Series 2007	375,000.00		25,000.00	350,000.00	25,000.00
Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 2, Series 2007	83,125.21		5,833.32	77,291.89	5,833.32
Water and Sewer Revenue Bond Series 2010	435,477.11		10,710.59	424,766.52	11,034.95
Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds - Series 2015	1,525,893.59		32,736.49	1,493,157.10	33,475.65
Sewer and Water Revenue Bonds - Series 2021	1,629,139.88		34,719.24	1,594,420.64	35,158.75
Total Debt	<u>4,093,996.93</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>117,055.92</u>	<u>3,976,941.01</u>	<u>118,824.20</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences-					
Business-Type Funds	6,417.88	6,386.81		12,804.69	3,500.00
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>4,100,414.81</u>	<u>6,386.81</u>	<u>117,055.92</u>	<u>3,989,745.70</u>	<u>122,324.20</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>4,237,181.92</u>	<u>6,433.39</u>	<u>166,772.51</u>	<u>4,076,842.80</u>	<u>167,238.80</u>

Long-term liabilities payable at December 31, 2024, is comprised of the following:

Revenue Bonds:

Clean Water Revolving Loan – Series 2007

Maturity Date: January 15, 2029

Interest Rate: 3.25%

Payable from Sewer Fund 37,304.86

Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 1 – Series 2007

Maturity Date: October 15, 2038

Interest Rate: 0.00%

Payable from Water Fund 350,000.00

Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 2 – Series 2007

Maturity Date: January 15, 2038

Interest Rate: 0.00%

Payable from Water Fund 77,291.89

Water and Sewer Project Revenue Bond – Series 2010

Maturity Date: November 10, 2050

Interest Rate: 3.00%

Payable 33% from Water Fund and 67% from Sewer Fund 424,766.52

Water and Wastewater Project Revenue Bonds – Series 2015

Maturity Date: April 19, 2056

Interest Rate: 2.25%

Payable from Sewer Fund 1,493,157.10

Sewer and Water Project Revenue Bonds – Series 2021

Maturity Date: December 10, 2060

Interest Rate: 1.25%

Payable from Sewer Fund 1,594,420.64

Direct Borrowing Note Payable:

Commercial State Bank Note Payable

for IHC Truck and Snow Plow

Maturity Date: December 8, 2026

Interest Rate: 6.00%

Payable from the General Fund 71,904.70

**MUNICIPALITY OF WAGNER
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Compensated Absences:

Payable from General Fund	15,192.40
Payable from Water Fund	5,736.27
Payable from Sewer Fund	7,068.42
Payment to be made by the fund that the payroll expenditures are charged to.	

The Municipality's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$71,904.70 include provisions that in an event of default the following may occur: a) all payments may become immediately due and payable, b) repossess the equipment collateralized, c) cover all legal and other costs incurred. Collateralized equipment on the direct borrowing financing agreements includes the 2023 IHC Truck, Snowplow and the Schedule of Energy Conversion Measures.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2024, except for compensated absences, are as follows:

**Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Liabilities
December 31, 2024**

Year Ending December 31,	Clean Water Revolving Loan - Series 2007		Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 1 - Series 2007		Drinking Water Revolving Loan # 2 - Series 2007	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	8,321.53	1,111.67	25,000.00		5,833.32	
2026	8,595.30	837.90	25,000.00		5,833.32	
2027	8,878.07	555.13	25,000.00		5,833.32	
2028	9,170.14	263.06	25,000.00		5,833.32	
2029	2,339.82	18.69	25,000.00		5,833.32	
2030-2034			125,000.00		29,166.60	
2035-2039			100,000.00		18,958.69	
Totals	<u>37,304.86</u>	<u>2,786.45</u>	<u>350,000.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>77,291.89</u>	<u>0.00</u>

Year Ending December 31,	Water and Sewer Project Revenue Bond - Series 2010		Water and Wastewater Project Revenue Bond - Series 2015		Water and Wastewater Project Revenue Bond - Series 2021	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	11,034.95	12,593.05	33,475.65	33,256.35	35,158.75	19,729.25
2026	11,370.58	12,257.42	34,236.67	32,495.33	35,600.76	19,287.24
2027	11,716.43	11,911.57	35,014.99	31,717.01	36,048.34	18,839.66
2028	12,072.79	11,555.21	35,811.00	30,921.00	36,501.54	18,386.46
2029	12,440.00	11,188.00	36,625.11	30,106.89	36,960.42	17,927.58
2030-2034	68,111.11	50,028.89	195,999.88	137,660.12	191,889.96	82,550.04
2035-2039	79,119.01	39,020.99	219,314.92	114,345.08	204,259.15	70,180.85
2040-2044	91,905.97	26,234.03	245,403.40	88,256.60	217,425.65	57,014.35
2045-2049	106,759.52	11,380.48	274,595.20	59,064.80	231,440.86	42,999.14
2050-2054	20,236.16	1,422.62	307,259.51	26,400.49	246,359.51	28,080.49
2055-2059			75,420.77	2,433.23	262,239.81	12,200.19
2060-2062					60,535.89	3,500.11
Totals	<u>424,766.52</u>	<u>187,592.26</u>	<u>1,493,157.10</u>	<u>586,656.90</u>	<u>1,594,420.64</u>	<u>390,695.36</u>

Year Ending December 31,	Direct Borrowing			
	Note Payable		Totals	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	34,914.60	4,314.28	153,738.80	71,004.60
2026	36,990.10	2,219.41	157,626.73	67,097.30
2027			122,491.15	63,023.37
2028			124,388.79	61,125.73
2029			119,198.67	59,241.16
2030-2034			610,167.55	270,239.05
2035-2039			621,651.77	223,546.92
2040-2044			554,735.02	171,504.98
2045-2049			612,795.58	113,444.42
2050-2054			573,855.18	55,903.60
2055-2059			337,660.58	14,633.42
2060-2062			60,535.89	3,500.11
Totals	<u>71,904.70</u>	<u>6,533.69</u>	<u>4,048,845.71</u>	<u>1,174,264.66</u>